The Guessing Contest.

\$15,000 up. 300 Cash Prizes.

Guess the Receipts of the U.S. Treasury for Dec. 29, 1902.

Present Contest | FOR \$10 the purchaser gets \$10 worth of books or subscriptions.

We all know this is worth \$10

For the same \$10 the purchaser also gets \$10 worth of Advertising Coupons.

Look at Subscribers' Advertising Columns on another page. What some body else is doing may remind you of what you can do. If you have no use for the Advertising Coupons, however, others in your neighborhood are apt to have, and you can sell them. These coupons secure the lowest advertising rate in the paper, and are well worth \$10.

For the same \$10 the purchaser gets 1,024 guesses in the present contest.

Thousands of guesses in other contests have sold for 25 to 50 cents each. When we say these guesses are worth \$10, we are estimating their value at only one cent a guess. If you do not wish your name to appear among the winners, send the guesses in the name of an employee or friend.

Over twenty-one thousand dollars in cash distributed to winners already this year. The present contest will increase this to over thirty-one thousand, with possibilities of its being increased to forty-five thousand.

It is not wise to overlook the chance offered by these contests of getting a good share of our profits. Its moral aspect is all right-we are sure of that. The prizes are simply rewards for skill and judgment. There is no lottery feature about it at all—no more than to guess at the state of the weather for next week.

Guess the receipts of the U. S. Trensury the same, this year, for Monday, December 29, 1902. Will they be greater, or less, or about knowledge there were no winners among the same, this year, for Monday, December 29, 1902. You can guess it as close as any suc of July 10. Send in guesses to arrive in Washington body else. Having a number of guesses on or before December 28, 1902.

Send in guesses to arrive in Washington body else. Having a number of guesses on or before December 28, 1902. on or before December 28, 1902.

Regular Prizes.

The first prize will be won by the nearest guess. The second prize and up to the 300th by the next nearest guesses, in the

ist p	rize										31.
2d	46										~-,
3d	66										
ith	66										
5th	44						•			-	
							٠				10.75
öth											
7th	66	٠	٠								
sth	66										
Oth	60										
toth	46						٠				
lith	66	Ū									
2th	46	•									
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Bulls-Eye Prize \$5,000.

This prize of \$5,000 will be awarded for the exact guess.

All prizes paid within two weeks after announcement of the awards. No claim for an award considered after the awards have been paid. If more than one guess makes the same winning, the prize will be divided.

How Guesses are Secured.

Guesses are secured by getting subscribers for The National Tribune at \$1 a year, by using or selling advertising advertising space, or by buying books. A good plan is to buy coupons. No one can make guesses, however, unless he sends to the green at least \$2 during the term of this ontest—that is, during October, November and December. For each additional send December. For each additional send December. For each additional send December of guesses allowed will be doubled. Thus:

Write a letter something like this:

National Tribune, Washington, D. C.:

Sirs: My deal or deals entitle me to low to be read by a quarter million of people. If you have anything for sale, or desire to buy something at a bargain, advertise. We hope to find that thousands of our readers will learn to profitably employ our advertising columns. Almost every man has many things about his place or in his

T Sent the minnoct or Po	CONCE WITHOUT TO STATE
e doubled. Thus:	
For a \$2 deal	4 guesses
For a \$3 deal	8 guesses
For a \$4 deal	
For a \$5 deal	
For a \$6 deal	
For a \$7 deal	
For an \$8 deal	
For a \$9 deal	512 guesses
For a \$10 deal	1024 guesses
For a \$12 deal	
For a \$13 deal	1032 guesses
For a \$14 deal	
For a \$15 deal	1056 guesses
For a \$16 deal	1088 guesses
For a \$17 deal	1152 guesses
For an \$18 deal	1280 guesses
For a \$19 deal	1536 guesses
For a \$20 deal	2048 guesses
For a \$30 deal	3072 guesses
For a \$40 deal	4096 guesses
For a \$50 deal	

"Close" Guessing.

Following were the Treasury Receip for Mondays of December last year:	'n
Monday, Dec. 22,540,017.	200
Monday, Dec. 9 2,370,706. Monday, Dec. 16 1,951,685.	6
Monday, Dec. 23	0

and some about the same, and thus feel

The Bargain.

For every \$10 sent in this contest we will give \$20 worth of coupons of any kind selected, provided half of them, at least, are advertising coupons. The buyer can take all advertising coupons, if he prefers. A club of 10, at \$1 each, will be entitled to \$10 worth of advertising free. A buyer of \$10 worth of books gets the same. See Subscribers' Advertising Columns on another page. You will see how subscrib-ers are already using these columns.

Easy Method of Guessing.

It is better for a contestant to write every guess himself or have them written by some fair penman, and keep a copy of the same. Use letter or foolscap size pa-per and fill each page with guesses. Write per and fill each page with guesses. Write on one side of paper only. Sign name and address on each page. But for one who has not the time to spare or is disabled and has no one to do the writing we will write out the guesses, provided the number of guesses amount to at least 1,024, and provided further that he makes one guess, the central guess, so to speak, and then states how many guesses he wishes above the central guess and how many below it, and being sure to state what difference to allow between the guesses.

tween the guesses.

Write a letter something like this:

Name Date, P. O State

Note.—Please understand the above form is a mere example. If entitled to more than 1,024 guesses, increase the number of guesses above and below the central accordingly. The central guess in above form was selected at random. It should not be regarded as a guide. The difference between guesses can be a constant. between guesses can be any amount from one cent to \$1,000 or more. In the recent contest the larger proportion of winnings were secured by this method.

Using Old Guesses.

carefully preserved the guesses prizes is both of the June and September contest, and get coupons. Then you will be sure and when a contestant makes a new deal of the guesses and will have plenty of the guesses and will have plenty of e can order them used in the present con-

est, if he so desires.

If a contestant desires the guesses returned to him for revision, he should write us a request and acknowledgment in the following form:

National Tribune. Washington, D. C. Inclosed find —— cents postage for the return of the guesses I made in the contest for June 30, or for Sept. 15. I action disposing of the coupons.

P. O., State,

We must sustain our system, particularly since the prizes have become large and important. We do not propose to place ourselves in a position where we have no defense, if our fairness is ever called in question.

Monday, Oct. 20. 2.340,684.53

Monday, Oct. 27. 2.381,848.02

Monday, Nov. 3. 2.410.324.65

Monday, Nov. 10. 2.371,806.41

Monday, Nov. 17. 2.012.237.13

Monday, Nov. 17. 2.012.237.13

Monday, Nov. 24. 2.250,868.53

Monday, Nov. 24. 2.250,868.53

Monday, Dec. 1. 2.284,649.05

Credit Deal.

If undecided what to order, send \$10, \$20, or any amount desired, and make

1,024 guesses for each \$10 sent. We will

place the amount to your credit and you

can have books, pictures, advertising, sub-

scriptions, or coupons for the same at any time in the future. For every \$10 deal

in this contest you can have \$20 worth of coupons, provided half of them, at least,

Advertising.

The best value we offer is advertising.

many things about his place or in his

house that are useless to him. They would

be useful to others. Say what they are in

a few words or lines of advertising. When inquiries come describe them more fully. place a price on them, and turn them into

Refer to Subscribers' Advertising Col-

umns on another page and see what others

A Good Plan.

A good plan to make sure of having

to send \$10 as soon as possil

1,024 guesses in this contest for great

time in which to dispose of the coupons.

You can select all subscription coupons, all advertising coupons, all book coupons, or part of one kind and part of the other kinds.

With subscriptions, advertising and

books for sale you cannot fail to "make good" on the outlay. If you have but little time, or are dis-

are advertising coupons.

Monday,	Jan.	6	随	2,270	372.55
Monday.	Jau.	13	····	2,627	960.59
Monday,	Jan.	20	·	2,280	012.08
Monday,	Jan.	27		1,970	945.20
Monday.	Feb.				297.40
Monday.	Feb.				329.50
Monday.	Feb.		2		
Monday,	Feb.				300.79
Monday,	Meh.				436.41
Monday,	Meh.	10			923.97
Monday,	Mch.	17		1,994.	883.64
Monday,	Mch.	21		2,060.	694.79
Monday.	Mch.	31	2	307.4	05.20
Monday.	Apr.	7		2,966.	315.66
Monday.	Apr.	14		2.158.	727.39
Monday.	Apr.	21		2,258.	579.33
Monday,	Apr.	28		2,291.	471.37
Monday,	May	5		2,733.	065.69
Monday,	May	12		2,097,	093.72
Monday,		19		2,411,	011.15
Monday,	May			2,342.	011.17
Monday,	June	2		1,452,	064.06
Monday,	June				901.79
Monday.	June			1,945,	703.58
Monday,	June				044.54
Monday,	June	30	3,	851,2	02.61
Monday,	July	7		1,773,	958.40
Monday,	July	14		2,281,	687.42
Monday,	July			1,983.	419.05
Monday,	July			1,820,	
Monday,	Aug.	4		2,205,	149.24
Monday,	Aug.	11		1.869.8	893.86
Monday,	Aug.	18		2,095,	
Monday,	Aug.			2,341.5	816.05
Monday.	Sept.	1. Lab	or Day.	. holid:	iy, no
Treasu	ry rec	eints.			CHIEFTINI WA

We will then return the guesses and file this letter in place of the guesses. We are sorry to be so particular with old friends. Monday, Oct. 13. 1,803,604.22 Monday, Oct. 13. 1,802,744.02 Monday, Oct. 20. 2,340,684.53 Monday, Oct. 20. 2,341,848.02

OUR COUPONS.

Name

Not valid after P. O.

Not valid after P. O.

Not valid after Name

April 1, 1903. P. O.

[One-Dollar Subscription Coupon.]

Good for one year's subscription to THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE.

Not Transferable to Newspaper Subscription Agencies.

One-Dollar Advertising Coupon.

Good for 20 words in Classified Advertising Columns.

ONE-DOLLAR BOOK COUPON.

The National Tribune Co.

The National Tribune Co.,

Not Transferable to Advertising Agencies.

The National Tribune Co.

[This is a Sample only. Not good for books.]

News From Winners.



From a 1 rescut-time photo

From a war-time photo.

2.381.848.02 Comrade H. Jaques, Stoose, 2.381.848.02 Comrade H. Jaques, Stoose, 2.410.324.65 ner ninth prize, reports as follows: "Born 1944 Enlisted in 52d Comrade H. Jaques, Moosic, Pa., win- a godsend."

. State

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1902.

Comrade Wm. F. Haney, Fairmont, W. lanta, Ga., in August, 1865, and were dis-Va., winner 41st prize, reports as follows:
"Born in Virginia (now West Virginia),
1833, voted for the Union and against Se-

I send along the picture of my partner, We were married before I went to war." Comrade P. J. McCullon, Cresco, Iowa,

winner of two prizes in the last contest, reports as follows: "Born in Philadelphia, 1843. Came to Iowa, 1857. Enlisted Oc-1843. Came to Iowa, 1857. Enlisted October, 1863, and joined Co. H. 4th Iowa Cav., at Camp Clear Creek, on the Hebron Plantation, 12 miles east of Vicksburg. Have always been proud of belonging to Winslow's Brigade. We were called "Winslow's Raiders." We had good horses, Spencer Carbines, Colt's and Remington's revolvers, sharp sabers, and were never afraid to go anywhere. Always came off victorious, with the single exception of the Guntown affair—the "sore spot" with so many old soldiers. Gen. Sturgis's management, or rather mismanagement, of that campaign—well, you all agement, of that campaign-well, you all agement, of that campaign—well, you all know how Forrest licked us, and its no use to say anything more about it. My first campaign was with Gen. Sherman's expedition to Meridian, Miss., in February, 1864. My next campaign was with Gen. Sturgis against Forrest from April 30 to May 12. Next campaign, again with Gen. Sturgis from June 1 to 13, 1864, ending with the defeat at Guntown, which engagement, by the way, the Confederates named Tishomingo Creek. Next campaign under Gen. A. J. Smith against Forrest, ending in the general engagement at ending in the general engagement at Tupelo. Next campaign under Gen. Smith Monday, July 21. 1.983,419.05
Monday, Aug. 4. 2.205,449.24
Monday, Aug. 11. 1.803,803.85
Monday, Aug. 12. 2.31,816.05
Monday, Aug. 18. 2.005,799.37
Monday, Sept. 1. Labor Day, holiday, no
Treasury receipts.
Monday, Sept. 2. 2.341,816.05
Monday, Sept. 5. 2.328,742.12
Monday, Sept. 5. 2.328,742.12
Monday, Sept. 15. 2.360,503.02
Monday, Sept. 15. 2.360,503.02
Monday, Sept. 22. 1.907,99.1cs
Monday, Sept. 22. 1.907,99.1cs
Monday, Oct. 6. 1.803,604.22
Monday, Oct. 6. 1.803,604.22
Monday, Oct. 13. 1.802,744.02
Monday, Oct. 20. 2.340,881.53
Monday, Oct. 20. 2.340,881.53
Monday, Oct. 27. 2.381,818.02
Monday, Oct. 28. 2.340,831.53
Monday, Oct. 29. 2.340,831.53
Monday, Oct. 20. 2.340,831.53
Monday, Oct. 27. 2.381,818.02
Monday, Oct. 27. 2.381,818.02
Monday, Oct. 27. 2.381,818.02
Monday, Oct. 28. 2.340,831.53
Monday, Oct. 29. 2.340,831.53
Monday, Oct. 20. 2.340,831.53
Monday, Oct. 30. 2.400,831.53
Monday,

1833, voted for the Union and against Secsion, 1860. Enlisted in Battery E. 1st 25th prize, reports as follows: "Thanks for W. Vs. Jight Art., August, 1862. Was the bank draft. It comes quite handy this



WM. J. HANEY AND WIFE, WINNERS.

in battles of Winchester, Kernstown, time of the year. If I should stake the Snicker's Gap, Halltown, Bunker Hill and bulls-eye there is going to be 'a hot time' clear Creek, and in other engagements of the Eighth and Twenty-fourth Corps. born in Kansas, 1881. Tried to enlist in Discharged June, 1865. With my picture the war with Spain but was rejected."

The Grab Bag.

The National Tribune has, for sometime, ing the week ending Dec. 15, 1902, we discontinued supplying jewelry and fancy will "grab" some of these things and send them along as a free gift. The "grab" may be something of considerable value. much of any one kind, but a good deal of this holiday time of the year, all kinds. We have watches, spoons, forks. You must trust us not to show favors,

has some good stock on hand-not and, in any case, will be worth hav

all kinds. We have watches, spoons, forks, knives, chains (ladies' and gents'), rings (ladies' and gents'), badges, charms, earrings, stick and scarf pins, sleeve buttons, anybody we are tempted to discriminate collar buttons, studs, and silver tea sets. Also a lot of miscellaneous books and pictures. We cannot specify what we can send of any of these things and we put no price upon them. We do not intend to sell them, but to give them away in the following manner. wing manner:
For every \$10 order received by us durception, and he only got a little one.

ADVANCE ON MALOLOS.

The Death of Gen. Egbert and Prince Lowenstein.

By CAPT. HARRY L. WELLS, 2d Ore., U. S. V.

The first officer of high rank to fall be-ling of daylight. It was the plan not to fore the bullets of the Filipinos was Gen.

Egbert, Colonel commanding the 22d Inf., who had been brevetted for gallant servi-ces in Cuba, where he had been severely A small river flowed from the north into

possibly his presults was justified to fire upon a lived evond the street of the county in the first back and the properties of the proper

into such houses as in any manner appeared suspicious as likely to be the ones from which the builtes came. This was the situation. A few Mausers were singing their high C over the heads of our line as it advanced, and the Captain of one of the companies on the line observed some one moving in a but to his front. He ordered a volley to be fired by a squad into the lut. A few minutes later when the line reached the shack, Prince Lowenstein line to fire the lack of nerve to execute them. Another illustration was given this good striking distance with our old black same day and at the same place.

Along the bank of the river and but a little distance from these railroad trenches, was a fake or dummy breastwork, made of bamboo and faced with a thin layer of some one moving in a but to his front. He office the ordered a volley to be fired by a squad into the lut. A few minutes later when the line reached the shack, Prince Lowenstein genuine trench. It was their expectations are found mortally wounded and his com-

as it was, but the Filipinos were given credit for better fighting capacity that they have at any time exhibited, and while Otis seemed to those on the ground to exhibit excessive conservation and lack of vigor, possibly his precaution was justified. At all events, the army rested on the defensive until four or five new regiments arrived and then took up the work of smash-inc Authorization for this more deployed in the Filipinos were given this crowd was composed of soldiers and ince together. There was a hasty deployment of which may combate the privates of the one great opportunity to ment by the supports, of which my combatents alike, men, women and ment by the supports, of which my combatents in the rear of the shots of the one great opportunity to ment by the supports, of which my combatents and the topic may constituted a part, and we advanced in deployed line about 100 yards in the enemy as are the privates on the line itself, and even a brigade commander; if the keeps close enough to see for himself what is going on, must keep within the short space of two years of the enemy's fire.

A Great Household Invention.

I have a kodak picture of the line of the year of the firm the region was as a hasty deploy. In the deployed line about 100 yards in the enemy as are the privates on the line itself, and even a brigate commander, if the seed year of the firm and add to the fame of the line of the line of the line of the year of the line of the ye

party was the only one beyond the lines at the time the advance was resumed.

Experience had taught us to look for concealed trenches under the native huts, and whenever we were being annoyed by mysterious bullets as we advanced, the initial location of which we could not discover because of the use of smokeless powder by the insurgents, it was customary to put a volley into such houses as in any manner appeared suspicious as likely to be them. Another illustration was given time to get his forces together, build new intrenchments advancing line reached these places the filipinos were a mile away and going farther, and they had plenty of time to pick their way across the obstructions unmonested. This is but a sample of hundreds of elaborate schemes the Filipinos have they had been so badly whipped, but they suddenly remembered it when the guns began to crack, and hastened away from the forces together, build new intrenchments and help the tropical sum to make it warm for us when the advance was again resumed nearly a month later. By that time the Filipinos had become saucy again, and seemed to have forgotten that they had been so badly whipped, but they suddenly remembered it when the guns began to crack, and hastened away from the finest of trenches before we were within appeared suspicious as likely to be them. Another illustration was given time to get his forces together, build new intrenchments and help the tropical sum to make it warm for us when the advance was again resumed nearly a month later. By that time the Filipinos have their way across the obstructions unmonested.

who had been brevetted for gallant services in Cuba, where he had been severely
wounded, and immediately upon his reevery had come to the Philippines at the
head of his regiment. He arrived but a
head of his regiment. He arrived but a
head been strenuous ones, for aimost immediately upon landing the 22d was put into
the field and given some hard work, the
very hardest kind, that of chasing up and
very hardest kind, that of chasing up and
very large to be fired by a squad into
the but. A few minutes later when the
head to be fired by a squad into
the but. A few minutes later when the
head to be save, Prince Lowenstein
was found mortally wounded and his companion slightly. This was the first knowlhead of his regiment. He arrived but a
head of his regiment. He side the Oregons passed along, was a
he castly. Of the ester when the
he hid a volley to be fired by a squad into
the but. A few minutes later when the
he he does he he she he she he she he he she key fine to was found mortally wounded and his companion slightly. This was the first knowlhe she he she first he side the Oregons passed along, was a
the tronch the but.

.... State

a man looking for capital to invade the quiet of the celebrated spot with a lobster-canning factory. He is Juan Calasaff, a Chilean, with up-to-date ideas regarding business enterprise on a sound footing, and while he knows where the toothsome lobster abounds, he is aware that money is quite essential to the establishment of a

very hardest kind, that of chasing up and trying to bring to bay insurgents who made night attacks upon the various garrisons.

The bridge across the Tinejaros where the Orgons crossed was a solid stone affect the filiping around Manila and the driving back of the insurgents to varying distances of four to seven miles from the city, Gen. Otis rested for nearly six weeks awaiting reinforcements that the about a mile and a half was a road less weeks awaiting reinforcements that the about a mile and a half was a road less weeks awaiting reinforcements that the product of the island waters, was, but the Filipinos were given it. We know now that he had near enough as it was, but the Filipinos were given it. We know now that he had near enough as it was, but the Filipinos were given for better fighting capacity that they company the advances being made simultaneously, yet trence, the strained relations existing between the United States and Germany at the fash trench the filipinos were given the constants and the destroyed by the erterating insurgents, and it took some time to get this sufficiently repaired by the retreating insurgents, and it took some time to get this sufficiently repaired by the retreating insurgents, and it took some time to get this sufficiently repaired by the retreating insurgents and the driving back of the insurgents to take over a 3-inch gun that was to accompany the advance, though the dead man's own recklessness and the proper canning factory. He has the lob ught to have been lying low in the trench sught to have been lying low in the trench capture of the fash trench the filipinos were more than two miles across the river, were more than two many of the smoking Springfields of the explanation was satisfactory and the German of the single scale and the result of the seal and th

FINDING THE **NEAREST**

of Guessing is Employed.

guesses by the easy method, as follows: At receipts of the Treasury for Monday, Dec. 29, 1902, my central guess is tained and the "Bull's-Eye." \$2,330,300.00. I wish to make 512 guesses Chilean, with up-to-date ideas regarding above the central guess, and 511 below it, being more than half of the divisor (\$100), what is necessary these days to place a the difference between each guess to be \$100.

by 100, and add the product to the central guess. This gives \$2,381,500.00, as the any number of guesses and to any possihighest guess of this example.

Next, multiply 511 by 100 and subtract gives \$2,279,200.00, as the lowest guess. If the receipts of the Treasury for Dec.

"distanced," so to speak, and does not ceipts of the Treasury for Dec. 29.

Treasury for Dec. 29, 1902, are found to be \$2,361,200.00, which we call the "Bull's-This is within the range and the problem now is to find, by a simple calculation, how near the nearest guess of this

result to the central guess, and from the

A fifth example: Suppose the receipts of the Treasury are found to be \$2,281,-208.40—a sum lower than previous examples and lower than the central guess. In foregoing examples the receipts were higher than the central guess. Subtract

When the Easy or Short Method the receipts of this example from the central guess, \$2,330,300,00. The result will be \$49,001.60. Divide this by \$100. The result will be found to be 490, with a remainder of 160. This means that the 490th guess below the central is within The example we take is of a contestant \$1.60 of the receipts or the "Bull's-Eye," who is supposed to have made 1,021 as we call it. This can be proved by multiplying \$100 by 490, subtracting the

In this last example, if the remainder were, say, \$51.60 (instead of \$1.60), this subtracted from the divisor. This would The first thing to do is to multiply 512 leave \$48.40-showing the distance from

ble variation of central guess and differ-ence between guesses. We have merely selected the figures of the examples at random. The calculations the product from the central guess. This random. The calculations will work out correctly with any other figures.
With the aid of these examples, we feel

29, 1902, when published, are seen not to the central guess, or easy method, of come within the range between the highest and lowest guess, the contestant is they stand as soon as they learn the recontestant is uncertain of his own figuring, we will be glad to send him our figuring Suppose, however, the receipts of the to verify his own.

The American Transpacific Cable.

The American Transpacific cable is to start from San Francisco, touching Hawaii and the Caroline Islands and ending at the